

1. Paul says the church in Corinth is _____ and in this situation are committing two particular sins: _____ and _____.
2. From what Paul says in 1 Corinthians 1:10-13, what are some ideas we can learn about how to approach church problems today?
3. In 1 Corinthians 1:23, Paul calls for the Corinthians to focus on a central point on which they should be able to agree: _____ and Him _____.
4. In 1 Corinthians 1:26, Paul says the Corinthians should remember what _____ has done for them in making them to be the people of _____. This is what they should be _____ about.
5. In 1 Corinthians 2:13, Paul asks the Corinthians to recognize that he speaks words given to him by the _____. This means they should pay close attention to what he says.
6. In 1 Corinthians 3:1-5, Paul calls on the Corinthians to leave _____ thinking and to think more _____.
7. In 1 Corinthians 3:9, 16-17, Paul compares the church to a _____. Some of the similarities are:

One who destroys the temple of God will be _____. The implication is clearly that one who destroys the church (temple) will also be _____.

8. In 1 Corinthians 4:1-5, Paul urges the Corinthians not to be quick to pass _____ on people. A person's eternal destiny is for _____ to judge. We do, of course, sometimes have to make decisions about what people _____ and _____. The overarching principle which should guide us in such matters is _____.
9. In 1 Corinthians 4:14-16, Paul reminds the Corinthians that they are his _____ in the Lord and that all are, therefore, members of one _____.