

1. We can tell when to consider a word or expression as figurative when we recognize that, if taken literally, it would be an _____.

2. A Bible example of such an impossibility is:

3. Six categories of figures of speech common in the Bible are:

a. Metaphor—a _____ comparison of two _____ objects.

Examples:

b. Simile—a _____ comparison of two _____ objects.

Examples:

c. Parable—an _____ simile, usually based on some _____ event in life, to picture some _____ truth.

Examples:

d. Metonymy—a _____ of one word for another with which it has some _____.

Examples:

e. Hyperbole—an _____ to _____ not to deceive.

Examples:

f. Personification—giving _____ characteristics to something that is not _____.

Examples:

STUDY 1 CORINTHIANS 12:12-27. WRITE DOWN THE METAPHOR ON WHICH THIS SECTION IS BASED AND THEN WRITE DOWN ALL THE POINTS OF COMPARISON BETWEEN THE TWO ITEMS BEING COMPARED.